



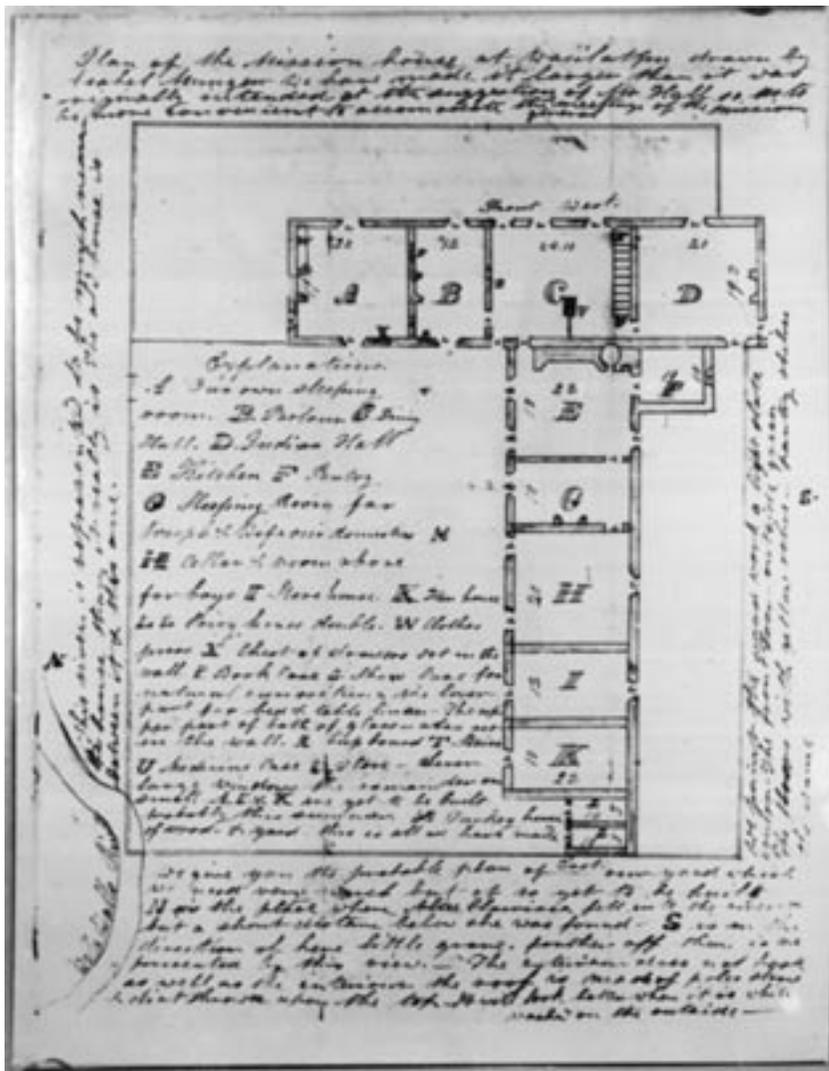
#### THE WHITMAN HOUSE AT WAIILATPU

This sketch was drawn by the Canadian artist, Paul Kane, in July 1847. The roof line was irregular as two of the rooms had two stories. The number of chimneys corresponds with contemporary floor plans. Courtesy, Royal Ontario Museum, Toronto, Canada.



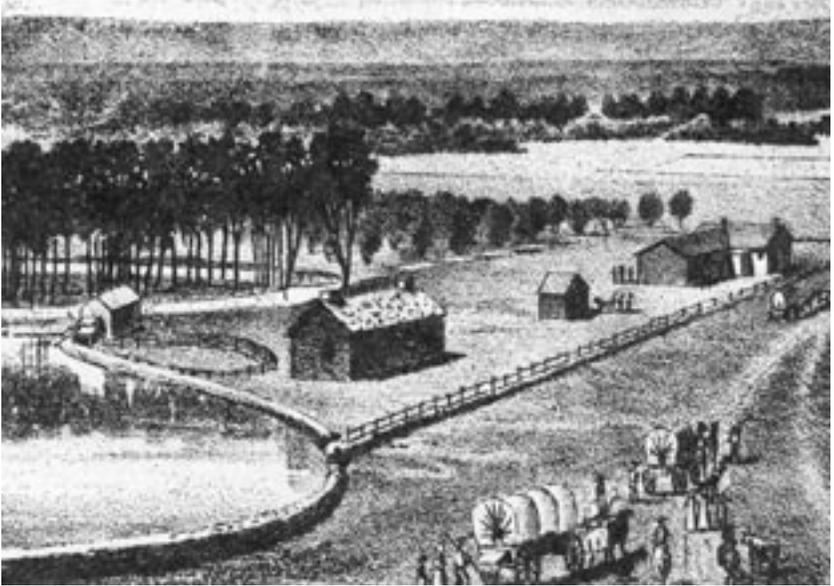
#### W. H. JACKSON PAINTING OF THE WHITMAN MISSION

How the mission may have looked in 1845. The painting is based on descriptions of those who lived at or had visited the mission. By permission of the National Park Service, United States Department of the Interior.



FLOOR PLAN OF THE WHITMAN HOME

Plan of the Whitman Mission House drawn in 1839 by Asahel Munger. Mr. and Mrs. Munger were independent missionaries who arrived at Waiilatpu Mission in the fall of 1839. The Mungers soon realized that establishing a mission would be too difficult without support from a larger organization. They decided to stay at the Waiilatpu Mission. Dr. Whitman hired Mr. Munger as a carpenter to help with projects; Mrs. Munger helped Narcissa with housework. By permission of the National Park Service, United States Department of the Interior.



DRAWING OF WHITMAN MISSION, 1884

The first known picture of the mission, viewed from the northeast. From left: the mill, the immigrant house, blacksmith shop, and the main Whitman home. A branch of the Oregon Trail passed the fence at the north. From Magazine of American History, September 1884.