

Community Update

Asbestos Release Site

March 2015

National Park Service
U.S. Department of the
Interior

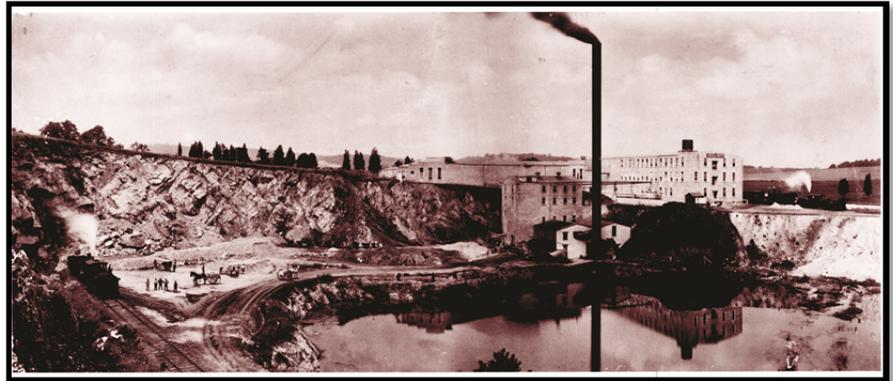


Northeast Region

Valley Forge
National Historical Park

SITE BACKGROUND...

The Asbestos Release Site (Site) is an approximately 112-acre area located in the center of Valley Forge National Historical Park (VFNHP) in Montgomery County, Pennsylvania. The Site is the location of an ongoing clean-up.



The Ehret Magnesia Company, late 19th century

In the early 1800s, portions of what is now VFNHP were quarried for

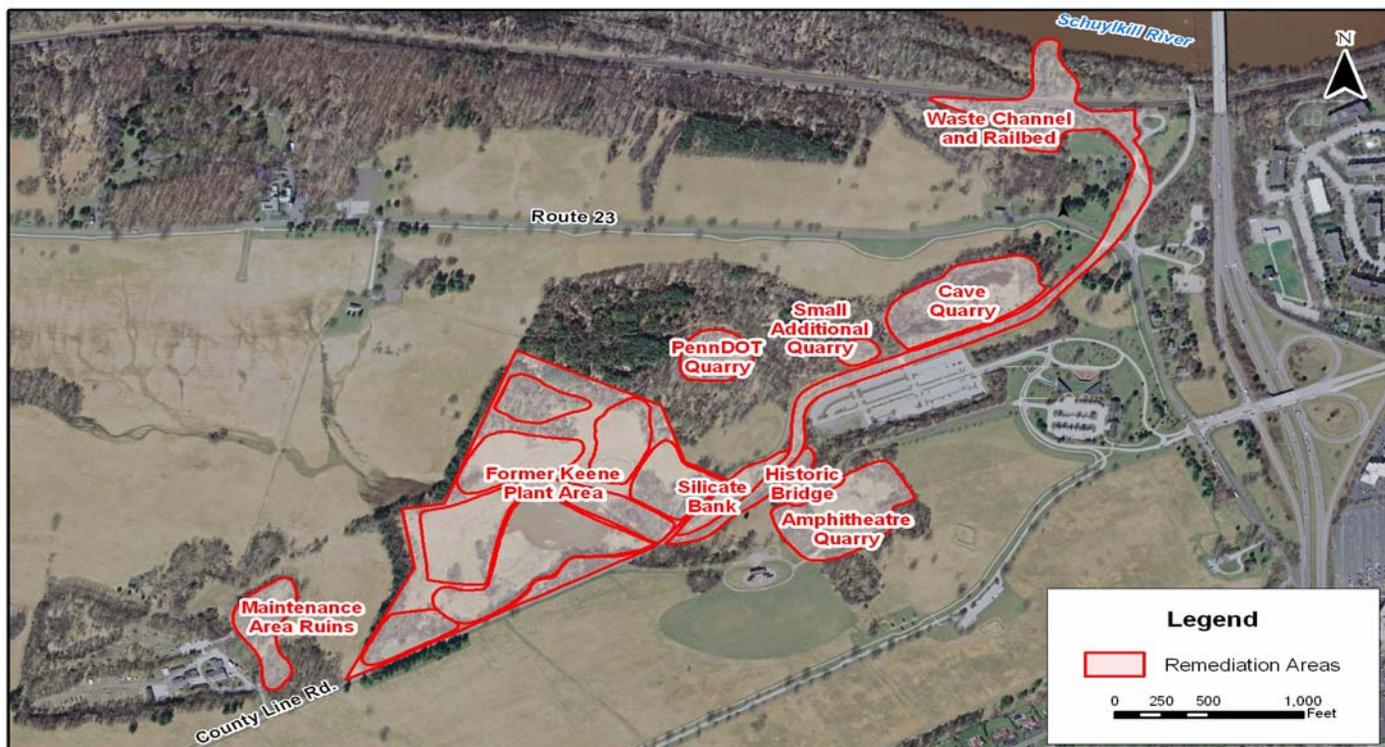
limestone. From the early 1890s to 1970s, the Ehret Magnesia Company and its successor, the Keene Corporation, manufactured asbestos insulation products at a plant located on private land within what is now the park. The products were manufactured by combining imported asbestos fibers with magnesium carbonate from the dolostone present within the local limestone deposits. The manufacturer disposed of asbestos slurry waste by pumping it through pipelines into the former quarries or by directing it to a waste channel constructed in a natural drainage swale that runs to the Schuylkill River. The slurry waste placed in the limestone quarries was subsequently covered with soil and in some locations, asphalt.

To preserve the lands on which the Continental Army established its 1777-1778 winter encampment, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania established Valley Forge State Park in 1893, eventually comprising most of the contaminated lands. In 1976, the U.S. Congress authorized the establishment of VFNHP and the Valley Forge State Park became a unit of the National Park System.

The National Park Service (NPS) discovered the asbestos contamination in 1997 during the excavation of a trench for a fiber optic cable. To address the immediate risk to the public that could have been posed by a potential airborne release of asbestos from contaminated soil, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and NPS initiated a response action. Actions completed to address the immediate risk to the public included removing asbestos-contaminated materials; covering areas with clean soil or a cement-like soil binding agent and grass seed; and installing warning fence and signs to prevent public access to potentially contaminated areas. Results of air sampling indicated that no asbestos was released during the response action. The EPA/NPS response action was completed in accordance with the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA). CERCLA is a federal law that provides authority and guidance for short-term removals, where actions may be taken to address releases or threatened releases requiring prompt response and long-term remedial response actions that permanently and significantly reduce the dangers associated with releases or threats of releases of hazardous substances that are serious, but not immediately life threatening.

ENVIRONMENTAL INVESTIGATIONS...

NPS and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania entered into an agreement in 1999 by which the Commonwealth, under NPS direction and oversight, would develop a CERCLA Remedial Investigation and Feasibility Study (RI/FS) for the Site. The RI report was completed in February 2005. Based on the results of the RI, fifteen areas of concern (AOC) were identified. Risk analysis completed during the FS prepared in September 2006 indicated that nine of these 15 areas contained levels of contaminants including asbestos, semivolatile organic compounds (specifically polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons [PAHs], and three metals [lead, mercury, and arsenic] at levels that may cause unacceptable risks to humans and/or ecological receptors. The areas where remediation activities are being completed are shown on the map below.



To address the unacceptable risk posed to human health and the environment from contaminants on the Site, remedial alternatives were identified in the FS. The Preferred Alternative selected for cleaning up the Site is the shallow excavation and off-site disposal of contaminated soils that pose unacceptable risks. This alternative was selected because it provides long-term protectiveness of human health and the environment and can be implemented in a cost-effective manner. In addition, it is the alternative most consistent with the management and goals of the NPS. The Preferred Alternative was identified and presented to the public in the Proposed Plan for Clean-up of the Asbestos Release Site, issued by the NPS for public comment on September 22, 2006. After the formal public comment period ended on November 6, 2006, the NPS reviewed the received public comments and determined that no significant changes to the Preferred Alternative were necessary or appropriate, and chose the preferred alternative as the Selected Remedy for the site. The Selected Remedy was presented in the Record of Decision (ROD) issued for the Site on January 18, 2007. In Spring 2010, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the federal government reached a cost-sharing agreement and dedicated funds for the remediation of the Site.

NEXT STEPS...

The remediation contractor selected by NPS began clean-up of the Site in spring 2013. The excavation of contaminated soil is anticipated to be completed by fall 2015. After re-vegetation of the site is completed in fall 2015/spring 2016 the area will be re-opened to the public.

COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT...

Community involvement is an important part of the CERCLA process. The RI/FS and Proposed Plan for the Site were released for public comment in September 2006 and a public meeting was held on September 28, 2006 to present the Proposed Plan and to accept oral and written comments. Responses to all of the public comments received can be found in the Responsiveness Summary included in the ROD which is posted on the VAFO website and can be found in the information repositories listed below.

Information repositories have been established in the two locations identified below. These repositories contain the Site administrative record files. CERCLA administrative record files consist of those documents that formed the basis for the selection of the Site cleanup action. They include copies of all Site-related environmental investigations, ecological and human health risk assessments, community relations materials, public comments and responses to significant comments. Information about the Site is also available on the VFNHP website: <http://www.nps.gov/vafo/parkmgmt/asbestos.htm>

Asbestos Release Site Information Repositories...

Valley Forge National Historical Park
1400 North Outer Line Drive
King of Prussia, PA 19406
Contact: Donna Davies
donna_davies@nps.gov
Phone: (610) 783-1006
Mon.-Fri. 8:30 a.m. – 4:30 p.m.

National Park Service
1050 Walnut Street, Suite 220
Boulder, CO 80302
Contact: Greg Nottingham
greg_nottingham@nps.gov
Phone: (303) 415-1483
Mon. – Fr. 9:00 a.m. – 4:00 p.m.

FOR MORE INFORMATION...

If you have questions concerning the information contained in this Community Update, please contact Donna Davies, project manager at (610) 793-1006, Donna_Davies@nps.gov.