FACT SIGNATURE IN STONE



ENIGMATIC PICTURES LEFT BY AN ELUSIVE PEOPLE populate a vast, 99-square-mile area known as the Coso Rock Art District. Its petroglyphs and archeological remains make up one of America's most extensive and undisturbed prehistoric sites. A national historic landmark, it has enjoyed extraordinary protection not only because of its remoteness in the southern California desert, but by virtue of the fact that it is secure on a military site: the China Lake Naval Air Weapons Station. THE NATIONAL PARK SERVICE ARCHEOLOGY PROGRAM has launched a new web feature, "Coso Rock Art," exploring the ancient hunting ground, describing what investigators have learned about the people who lived here for thousands of years. THE NAVY HAS CONTRACTED MUCH OF THIS WORK, providing expertise, equipment, and helicopters to give scientists a bird's-eye-view of the basalt and granite-strewn landscape. Highly stylized images of bighorn sheep, mysterious zigzag shapes and geometric patterns, rock cairns, and stone rings have been recorded, fueling theories of desert-dwelling sheep hunters, medicine men, and symbolism. THOUGH MUCH OF THE LANDMARK remains unexplored, some 20,000 rock art images have been documented. With graphics that give the online visitor a vivid impression of the landscape, "Coso Rock Art" provides insight into the district's ecosystem and geology as well as its archeological sites. GO TO WWW.CR.NPS.GOV/AAD/ROCKART.