

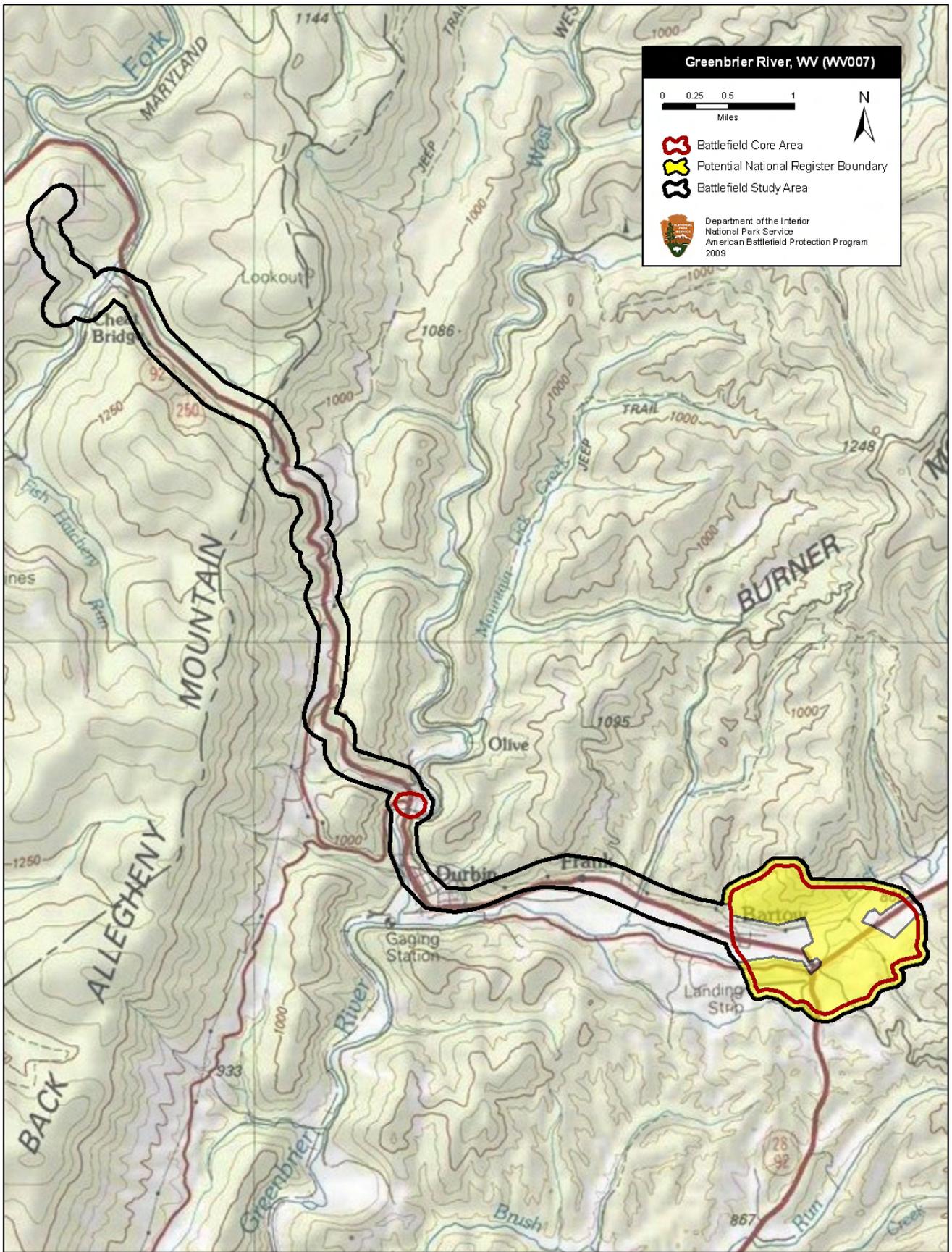
## Greenbrier River (WV007)

<b>Location</b>	Pocahontas and Randolph Counties
<b>Campaign</b>	Operations in Western Virginia
<b>Battle Date(s)</b>	October 3, 1861
<b>Principal Commanders</b>	Brigadier General Joseph J. Reynolds [US]; Brigadier General Henry R. Jackson [CS]
<b>Forces Engaged</b>	1st Brigade, Army of Occupation, Western Virginia [US]; Camp Bartow Garrison [CS]
<b>Results</b>	Inconclusive
<b>Study Area</b>	2,321.47 acres The significantly revised Study Area includes the Federal approach route from Cheat Mountain, the addition of a Core Area representing the skirmish at West Fork Bridge, and setting buffers around both Core Areas.
<b>Potential National Register Lands</b>	700.00 acres
<b>Protected Lands</b>	583.56 acres USDA Forest Service, fee simple
<b>Publicly Accessible Lands</b>	583.56 acres Monongahela National Forest, USDA Forest Service
<b>Management Area</b>	Monongahela National Forest
<b>Friends Group(s)</b>	None
<b>Preservation Activities Since 1993</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Advocacy</li> <li>Cultural Resource Surveys and Inventories</li> <li>Fundraising</li> <li>✓ Interpretation Projects</li> <li>Land or Development Rights Purchased</li> <li>Legislation</li> <li>✓ Planning Projects</li> <li>✓ Research and Documentation</li> </ul>
<b>Public Interpretation Since 1993</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Brochure(s)</li> <li>Driving Tour</li> <li>✓ Living History</li> <li>Maintained Historic Features/Areas</li> <li>Visitor Center</li> <li>Walking Tour/Trails</li> <li>✓ Wayside Exhibits/Signs</li> <li>West Virginia Civil War Trails</li> <li>Website(s)</li> <li>✓ Other</li> <li>Guided tours by appointment</li> </ul>
<b>Condition Statement</b>	Portions of landscape have been altered, but most essential features

remain. Commercial complexes and residential development in Bartow have already affected the Core Area of the battlefield. As development pressure increases, the need for active protection of the surviving battlefield becomes critical.

**Historical Designation**

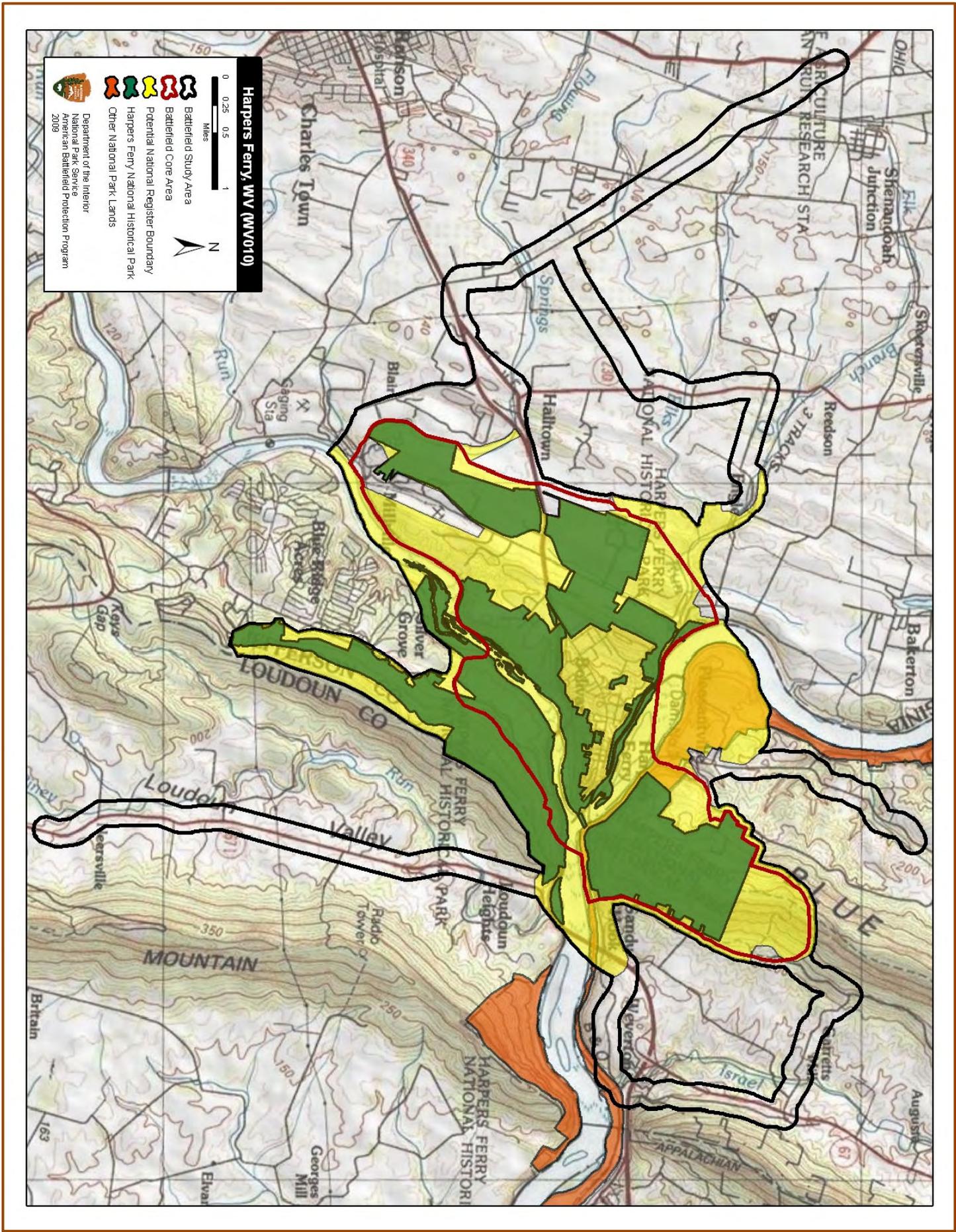
National Register of Historic Places, Camp Bartow Historic District (1995)



## Harpers Ferry (WV010)

<b>Location</b>	Jefferson County; Washington County, Maryland; Loudoun County, Virginia
<b>Campaign</b>	Maryland Campaign
<b>Battle Date(s)</b>	September 12-15, 1862
<b>Principal Commanders</b>	Colonel Dixon S. Miles [US]; Major General Thomas J. Jackson [CS]
<b>Forces Engaged</b>	Harpers Ferry Garrison (approx. 12,000 men) [US]; 2nd Wing, Army of Northern Virginia [CS]
<b>Results</b>	Confederate victory
<b>Study Area</b>	11,008.75 acres (6,667.69 WV; 3,515.65 MD; 825.41 VA) The Core Area was expanded to include more of Maryland Heights (to take in the first line of Federal defense and engagement with Brig. Gen. Samuel Kershaw's South Carolina brigade), the western slopes of Schoolhouse Ridge, and the area around Millville. The Study Area was enlarged to include all national park lands related to the battle (excising only Short Hill) and to include the expanded portions of the Core Area.
<b>Potential National Register Lands</b>	7,183.00 acres (4,562.31 WV; 2,476.54 MD; and 154.14 VA)
<b>Protected Lands</b>	3,706.58 acres (3,616.63 WV; 29.79 MD; 63.16 VA) National Park Service, 3,417.29 acres, fee simple National Park Service, 231.78 acres, fee simple with easement held  Maryland Department of Natural Resources, 29.79 acres, fee simple Robert and Dee Leggett Foundation, 27.72 acres, fee simple with easement held jointly by Loudoun County, Virginia, and the Potomac Conservancy
<b>Publicly Accessible Lands</b>	3,447.08 (3,381.85 WV; 29.79 MD; 35.44 VA) Appalachian National Scenic Trail, National Park Service Chesapeake & Ohio Canal National Historical Park, National Park Service Harper's Ferry National Historic Park, National Park Service South Mountain State Park, Maryland Department Natural Resources Weverton Roxbury Corridor Rail Trail, Maryland Department Natural Resources
<b>Management Areas</b>	Appalachian National Scenic Trail Chesapeake and Ohio Canal National Historical Park Harpers Ferry National Historical Park South Mountain State Park Weverton Roxbury Corridor Rail Trail
<b>Friends Group</b>	Friends of Harpers Ferry National Historical Park (1987)
<b>Preservation Activities Since 1993</b>	✓ Advocacy ✓ Cultural Resource Surveys and Inventories Fundraising ✓ Interpretation Projects ✓ Land or Development Rights Purchased

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Legislation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>NPS boundary expansion, 2004</li> </ul> </li> <li>✓ Planning Projects</li> <li>✓ Research and Documentation</li> </ul>
<b>Public Interpretation Since 1993</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Brochure(s)</li> <li>✓ Driving Tour</li> <li>✓ Living History</li> <li>✓ Maintained Historic Features/Areas</li> <li>✓ Visitor Center</li> <li>✓ Walking Tour/Trails</li> <li>✓ Wayside Exhibits/Signs</li> <li>✓ Website(s)</li> <li>✓ Other <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Numerous special programs and events</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Condition Statement</b>	<p>Portions of landscape have been altered, but most essential features remain. Ongoing growth of residential housing and transportation networks on the edges of the historical park and along the Shenandoah and Potomac Rivers will continue to degrade the site. Residential and commercial development will also compromise key viewsheds and the setting of the battlefield.</p> <p>Coordinated preservation efforts over the next five years are needed to save the roughly 4,000 acres of unprotected, surviving battlefield land.</p>
<b>Historical Designation</b>	<p>National Register of Historic Places, Harpers Ferry National Historical Park, (1966)</p>



## Hoke's Run (WV002)

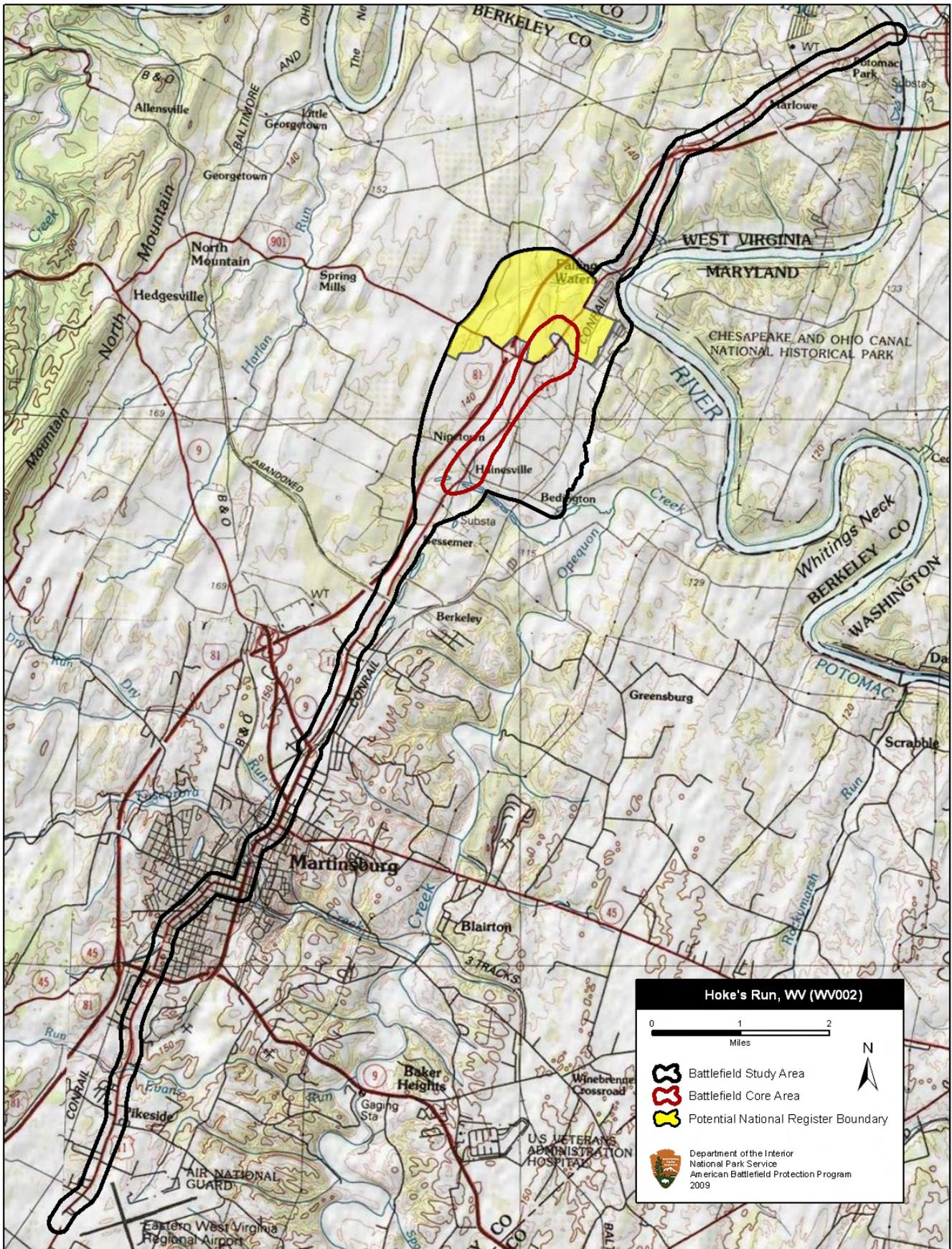
<b>Location</b>	Berkeley County
<b>Campaign</b>	Manassas Campaign (1861)
<b>Battle Date(s)</b>	July 2, 1861
<b>Principal Commanders</b>	Colonel George H. Thomas and Colonel John J. Abercrombie [US]; Colonel Thomas J. Jackson [CS]
<b>Forces Engaged</b>	1st Brigade and 6th Brigade, Patterson's Division [US]; 1 <sup>st</sup> Brigade [CS]
<b>Results</b>	Union victory
<b>Study Area</b>	5,325.39 acres The revised Study Area includes extended Federal approach and Confederate retreat routes, and the areas of maneuver used by either force.
<b>Potential National Register Lands</b>	953.45 acres
<b>Protected Lands</b>	None
<b>Publicly Accessible Lands</b>	None
<b>Management Area</b>	None
<b>Friends Group(s)</b>	Falling Waters Battlefield Association (2004)
<b>Preservation Activities Since 1993</b>	Advocacy Cultural Resource Surveys and Inventories Fundraising ✓ Interpretation Projects Land or Development Rights Purchased Legislation Planning Projects ✓ Research and Documentation
<b>Public Interpretation Since 1993</b>	✓ Brochure(s) ✓ Driving Tour Living History Maintained Historic Features/Areas Visitor Center Walking Tour/Trails Wayside Exhibits/Signs ✓ Website(s) <a href="http://www.battleoffallingwaters.com">http://www.battleoffallingwaters.com</a> Other
<b>Condition Statement</b>	Much of the landscape has been altered and fragmented, leaving some essential features. The battlefield has suffered rapid development along US 11 from Hainesville to Falling Waters and west of US 11 along Route 901. Interstate 81 bisects the battlefield as well.

Continued development likely will eradicate the remaining vestiges of this battlefield within 10 years. The entire battlefield is located within Berkeley County's Growth Management boundary and is designated as a growth area.

Immediate protection efforts are needed to save the undeveloped Core Area land west of US 11, Stumpy Hollow, the high ground around Hainesville, and the site of the Confederate camp.

**Historical Designation**

None



## Kessler's Cross Lanes (WV004)

<b>Location</b>	Nicholas and Fayette Counties
<b>Campaign</b>	Operations in Western Virginia
<b>Battle Date(s)</b>	August 21, 1861
<b>Principal Commanders</b>	Colonel Erastus Tyler [US]; Brigadier General John Floyd [CS]
<b>Forces Engaged</b>	7th Ohio Regiment [US]; Confederate forces in the Kanawha Valley [CS]
<b>Results</b>	Confederate victory
<b>Study Area</b>	2,103.45 acres The revised Study Area includes the Confederate advance and Federal routes.
<b>Potential National Register Lands</b>	2,103.45 acres
<b>Protected Lands</b>	353.56 acres National Park Service, 236.42 acres, fee simple West Virginia Division of Natural Resources, 117.44 acres, fee simple
<b>Publicly Accessible Lands</b>	353.56 acres Gauley River National Recreation Area, National Park Service Carnifex Ferry Battlefield State Park, West Virginia Division of Natural Resources
<b>Management Areas</b>	Gauley River National Recreation Area Carnifex Ferry Battlefield State Park
<b>Friends Group(s)</b>	None
<b>Preservation Activities Since 1993</b>	Advocacy Cultural Resource Surveys and Inventories Fundraising Interpretation Projects Land or Development Rights Purchased Legislation Planning Projects Research and Documentation
<b>Public Interpretation Since 1993</b>	Brochure(s) Driving Tour Living History Maintained Historic Features/Areas Visitor Center Walking Tour/Trails Wayside Exhibits/Signs Website(s) Other
<b>Condition Statement</b>	This battlefield retains a high degree of integrity. The most notable threat to the historic landscape is single-family homes and

manufactured housing at the crossroads. Development associated with the Gauley River National Recreation Area is also nearing the battlefield. Although a small portion of the southern Study Area is in state and federal ownership, no known efforts have been made to protect this battlefield specifically. Kessler's Cross Lanes presents one of the best opportunities in West Virginia for comprehensive battlefield preservation. This goal will require concerted efforts by local, state, and federal entities.

**Historical Designation**

None

