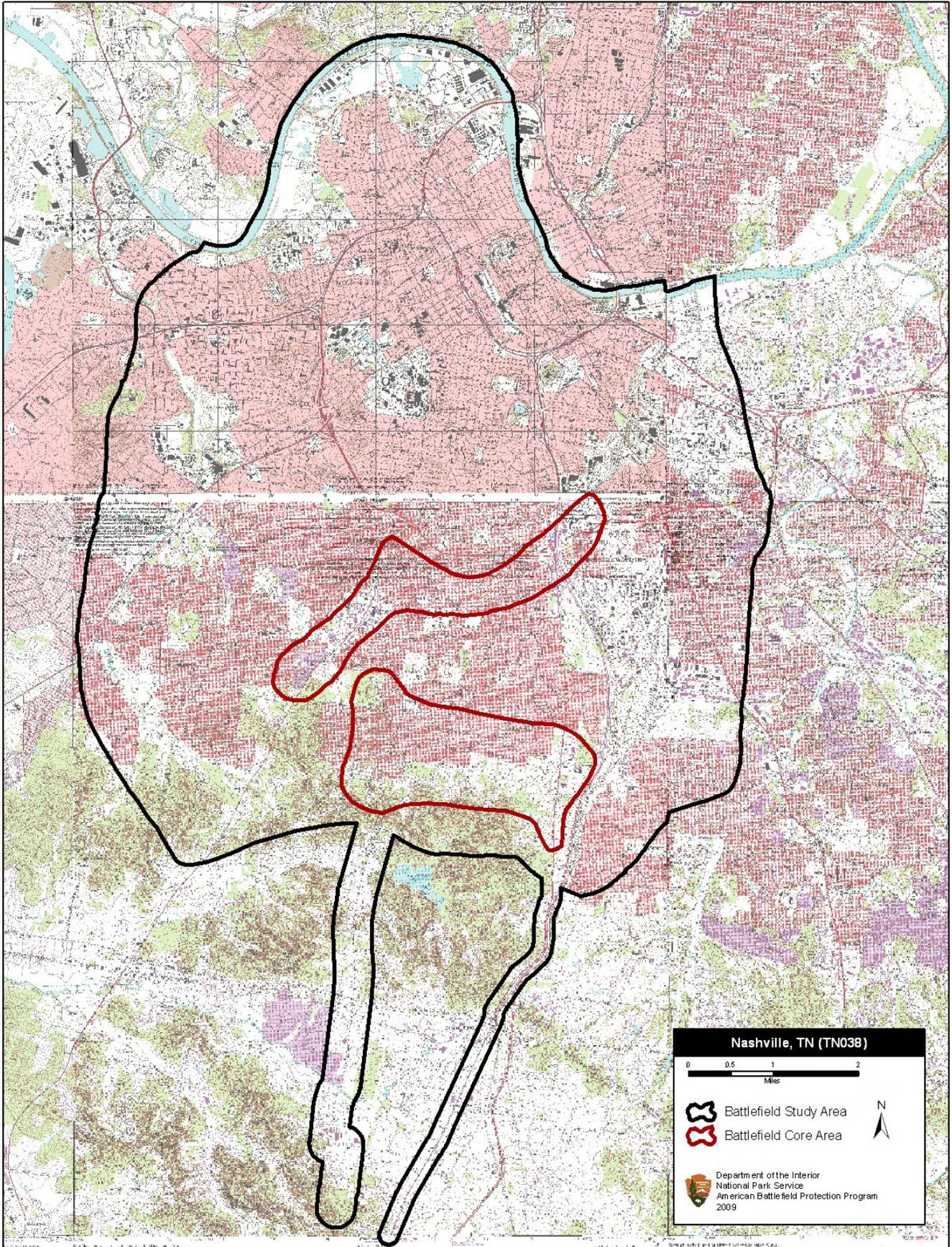


## Nashville (TN038)

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Location</b>                           | Davidson County County  |
| <b>Campaign</b>                           | Franklin-Nashville Campaign (1864)  |
| <b>Battle Date(s)</b>                     | December 15-16, 1864  |
| <b>Principal Commanders</b>               | Maj. Gen. George H. Thomas [US]; Gen. John Bell Hood [CS]   |
| <b>Forces Engaged</b>                     | IV Corps, XXIII Corps, Detachment of Army of the Tennessee, provisional detachment, and cavalry corps [US]; Army of Tennessee [CS]  |
| <b>Results</b>                            | Union victory   |
| <b>Study Area</b>                         | 39,422.50 acres<br>The revised Study Area includes the Confederate retreat routes and the routes used in the Federal pursuit.   |
| <b>Potential National Register Lands</b>  | None  |
| <b>Protected Lands</b>                    | 319.39 acres<br>Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation, 260.01 acres, fee simple<br>Nashville Metro Parks, 59.38 acres, fee simple  |
| <b>Publicly Accessible Lands</b>          | 319.39 acres  |
| <b>Management Area</b>                    | Fort Negley, Nashville Metro Parks<br>Radnor Lake Natural Area and Wildlife Refuge, Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation  |
| <b>Friends Group(s)</b>                   | Battle of Nashville Preservation Society  |
| <b>Preservation Activities Since 1993</b> | Advocacy<br>Cultural Resource Surveys and Inventories<br>Fundraising<br>✓ Interpretation Projects<br>Land or Development Rights Purchased<br>Legislation<br>✓ Planning Projects<br>Research and Documentation |
| <b>Public Interpretation Since 1993</b>   | Brochure(s)<br>✓ Driving Tour<br>Living History<br>✓ Maintained Historic Features/Areas<br>✓ Visitor Center<br>Walking Tour/Trails<br>✓ Wayside Exhibits/Signs<br>Website(s)<br>Other                         |
| <b>Condition Statement</b>                | Much of the landscape has been altered and fragmented, leaving some essential features. Only previously protected areas remain. Commemorative opportunities exist.  |

**Historical Designation**

National Register of Historic Places, Fort Negley (1975), Belle Meade (1969), First Presbyterian Church (1970), Nashville Children's Museum (1971). While these isolated sites are located within the Study Area, the battlefield landscape is not listed on the National Register.



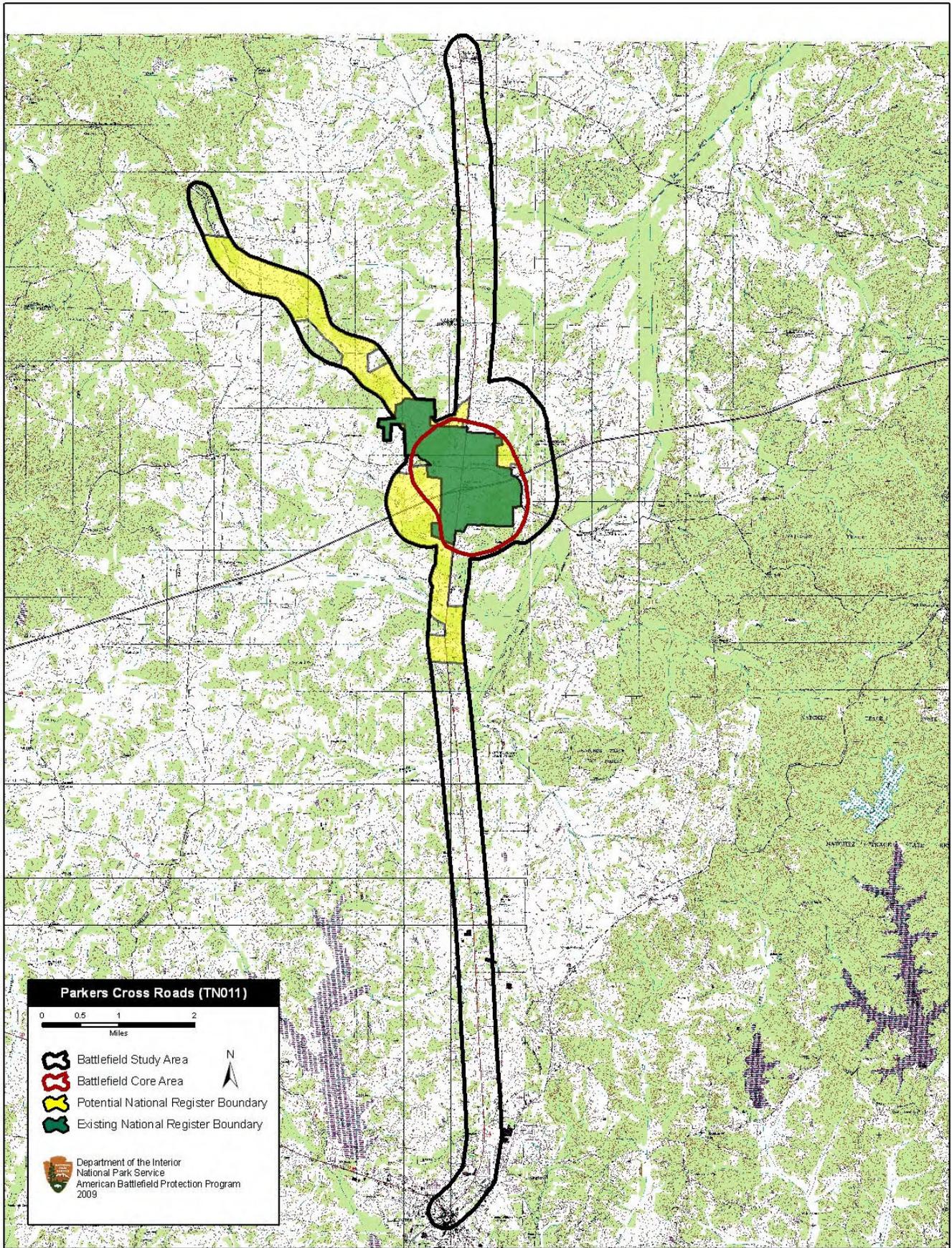
## Parker's Cross Roads (TN011)

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Location</b>                           | Henderson County  |
| <b>Campaign</b>                           | Forrest's Expedition into West Tennessee (1862-63)  |
| <b>Battle Date(s)</b>                     | December 31, 1862   |
| <b>Principal Commanders</b>               | Brig. Gen. Jeremiah C. Sullivan [US]; Brig. Gen. Nathan Bedford Forrest [CS]  |
| <b>Forces Engaged</b>                     | Two brigades [US]; Forrest's Cavalry Brigade [CS]   |
| <b>Results</b>                            | Confederate victory   |
| <b>Study Area</b>                         | 7,716.82 acres<br>The current Study Area is the same as that established by the CWSAC.  |
| <b>Potential National Register Lands</b>  | 2,664.48 acres  |
| <b>Protected Lands</b>                    | 386.92 acres<br>Tennessee Historical Commission, 382.42 acres, fee simple<br>Civil War Preservation Trust, 4.50 acres, fee simple   |
| <b>Publicly Accessible Lands</b>          | 386.92 acres  |
| <b>Management Area</b>                    | Parker's Crossroads Battlefield Park, Tennessee Historical Commission   |
| <b>Friends Group(s)</b>                   | Parker's Crossroads Battlefield Association   |
| <b>Preservation Activities Since 1993</b> | <b>Advocacy</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>✓ Cultural Resource Surveys and Inventories</li><li>✓ Fundraising</li><li>✓ Interpretation Projects</li><li>✓ Land or Development Rights Purchased</li><li>✓ Legislation</li><li>✓ Planning Projects</li><li>✓ Research and Documentation</li></ul> |
| <b>Public Interpretation Since 1993</b>   | <b>Brochure(s)</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>✓ Driving Tour</li><li>✓ Living History</li><li>✓ Maintained Historic Features/Areas</li><li>✓ Visitor Center</li><li>✓ Walking Tour/Trails</li><li>✓ Wayside Exhibits/Signs</li><li>✓ Website(s)</li></ul> <b>Other</b>                         |
| <b>Condition Statement</b>                | While almost 400 acres have been preserved, Parker's Cross Roads battlefield remains imperiled. Commercial development along the I-40 interchange and along State Route 22, plus residential development along road frontages throughout the battlefield, are   |

immediate threats to the historic landscape. Continuing efforts are needed to protect additional battlefield land.

**Historical Designation**

Parker's Crossroads Battlefield (1999)



## Shiloh (TN003)

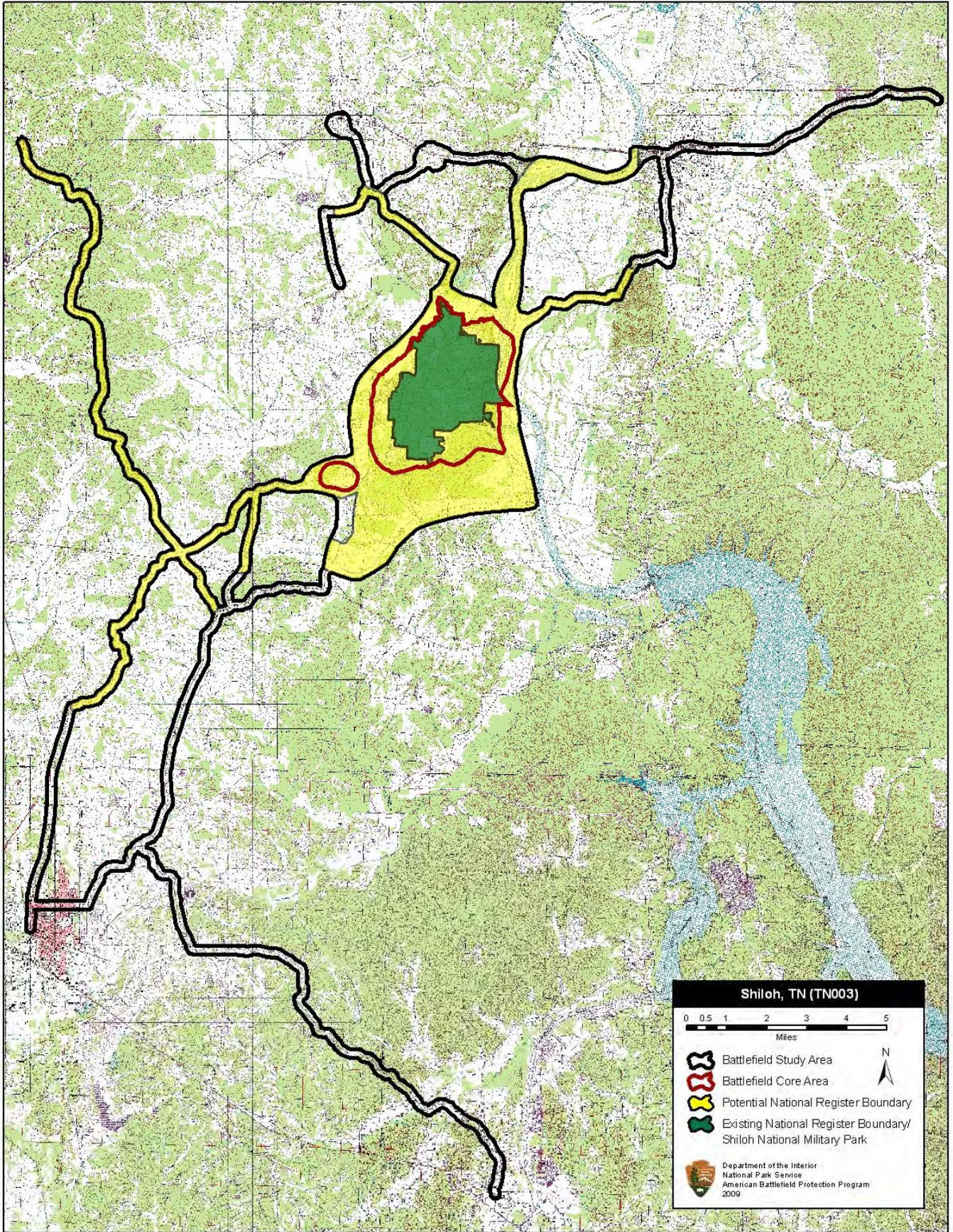
|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Location</b>                           | Hardin County   |
| <b>Campaign</b>                           | Federal Penetration up the Cumberland and Tennessee Rivers (1862)   |
| <b>Battle Date(s)</b>                     | April 6-7, 1862   |
| <b>Principal Commanders</b>               | Maj. Gen. Ulysses S. Grant, Maj. Gen. Don Carlos Buell, Lieutenant William Gwin [US]; Gen. Albert Sidney Johnston, Gen. P.G.T. Beauregard [CS]  |
| <b>Forces Engaged</b>                     | Army of West Tennessee, Army of the Ohio, USS <i>Tyler</i> and USS <i>Lexington</i> [US]; Army of the Mississippi [CS]  |
| <b>Results</b>                            | Union victory   |
| <b>Study Area</b>                         | 31,341.81 acres<br>The revised Study Area is slightly smaller because routes of approach and retreat were systematically assigned a standard width during the update. No other changes were made to the 1993 boundaries.                  |
| <b>Potential National Register Lands</b>  | 22,539.79 acres   |
| <b>Protected Lands</b>                    | 4,285.00 acres<br>National Park Service, 4,115.75 acres, fee simple<br>Civil War Preservation Trust, 169.25 acres, fee simple   |
| <b>Publicly Accessible Lands</b>          | 4,285.00 acres  |
| <b>Management Area</b>                    | Shiloh National Military Park, National Park Service  |
| <b>Friends Group(s)</b>                   | Friends of Shiloh Battlefield   |
| <b>Preservation Activities Since 1993</b> | <i>Advocacy</i><br>✓ Cultural Resource Surveys and Inventories<br>✓ Fundraising<br>✓ Interpretation Projects<br>✓ Land or Development Rights Purchased<br>✓ Legislation<br>✓ Planning Projects<br>✓ Research and Documentation            |
| <b>Public Interpretation Since 1993</b>   | ✓ Brochure(s)<br>✓ Driving Tour<br>✓ Living History<br>✓ Maintained Historic Features/Areas<br>✓ Visitor Center<br>✓ Walking Tour/Trails<br>✓ Wayside Exhibits/Signs<br>✓ Website(s)<br>✓ Other<br>Ranger guided tours and demonstrations |
| <b>Condition Statement</b>                | Land use is little changed since the period of significance.<br>Preservation of nationally-significant battlefield land beyond the  |

national military park boundary continues to be a strong possibility given the slow pace of development in the area.

**Historical Designation**

Shiloh National Military Park (1966)

National Register of Historic Places, Cherry Mansion (1977).



## Spring Hill (TN035)

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Location</b>                           | Maury County  |
| <b>Campaign</b>                           | Franklin-Nashville Campaign (1864)  |
| <b>Battle Date(s)</b>                     | November 29, 1864   |
| <b>Principal Commanders</b>               | Maj. Gen. John M. Schofield [US]; Gen. John Bell Hood [CS]  |
| <b>Forces Engaged</b>                     | IV and XXIII Army Corps [US]; Army of Tennessee [CS]  |
| <b>Results</b>                            | Union victory   |
| <b>Study Area</b>                         | 7,034.77 acres<br>The revised Study Area includes the Confederate approach route from the west and the continuing Federal retreat from Columbia towards the strategic crossroads of Franklin.   |
| <b>Potential National Register Lands</b>  | 3,204.75 acres  |
| <b>Protected Lands</b>                    | 271.14 acres<br>Rippavilla, Inc., 98.44 acres, fee simple<br>Civil War Preservation Trust, 70.00 acres, fee simple with easement held by the Tennessee Historical Commission<br>Tennessee Land Trust, 82.70 acres, conservation easement<br>Maury County Parks and Recreation Department, 20.00 acres, fee simple |
| <b>Publicly Accessible Lands</b>          | 188.44 acres  |
| <b>Management Area</b>                    | Jerry Erwin Park, Maury County Parks and Recreation Department<br>Rippavilla Plantation, Rippavilla, Inc.   |
| <b>Friends Group(s)</b>                   | None  |
| <b>Preservation Activities Since 1993</b> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Advocacy</li> <li>✓ Cultural Resource Surveys and Inventories</li> <li>Fundraising</li> <li>✓ Interpretation Projects</li> <li>✓ Land or Development Rights Purchased</li> <li>Legislation</li> <li>✓ Planning Projects</li> <li>Research and Documentation</li> </ul>     |
| <b>Public Interpretation Since 1993</b>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Brochure(s)</li> <li>✓ Driving Tour</li> <li>✓ Living History</li> <li>✓ Maintained Historic Features/Areas</li> <li>✓ Visitor Center</li> <li>✓ Walking Tour/Trails</li> <li>✓ Wayside Exhibits/Signs</li> <li>✓ Website(s)</li> <li>Other</li> </ul>                   |
| <b>Condition Statement</b>                | Portions of landscape have been altered, but most essential features remain. Industrial and residential development and associated road and communication infrastructure are rapidly  |

overtaking the historic battlefield. Local, state, and federal stakeholders need to redouble their preservation efforts immediately before the battlefield becomes severely fragmented by modern land uses.

### **Historical Designation**

The battlefield landscape is not listed in the National Register of Historic Places. However, one of its defining features, Rippavilla Plantation, was listed in 1996.

